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**Steadfastly and Successfully
Implement
“One Country, Two Systems”
and Strengthening Our
Governance Systems**



Background

In the report to the 20th National Congress of the Communist Party of China, President Xi Jinping stated that “the principle of ‘One Country, Two Systems’ is a great innovation of socialism with Chinese characteristics. It has proven to be the best institutional arrangement for ensuring sustained prosperity and stability in Hong Kong and Macao after their return to the Motherland. This principle must be adhered to over the long term.” It is evident that the “One Country, Two Systems” principle is not only the best solution to the historical issues of Hong Kong but also the optimal arrangement for the city to maintain long-term prosperity and stability, given its advantages of great vitality and institutional superiority.

With full support from our Country, we enacted the Safeguarding National Security Ordinance in March, accomplishing the constitutional responsibility and historic mission after a wait of 26 years, 8 months and 19 days. The ordinance complements the Law of the People’s Republic of China on Safeguarding National Security in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region seamlessly, forming a comprehensive legal system with effective enforcement mechanisms for safeguarding national security. In last year’s Policy Address, I announced the establishment of the Working Group on Patriotic Education to enhance education of our Country’s history, culture and current affairs on different fronts, promoting patriotism and ensuring its continuity for generations to come. Moreover, we are improving the setup of various decision-making regimes, distribution of powers and responsibilities as well as implementation mechanisms, to enhance our governance systems. Taking these initiatives together, we have built a result-oriented governance culture characterised by readiness to shoulder responsibilities, deliver good results and team spirit, for the maximum benefit of the people of Hong Kong.

“One Country” is like the roots of a tree. For a tree to flourish, its roots must run deep and strong. We will continue to fully, faithfully and resolutely implement the principles of “One Country, Two Systems”, “Hong Kong people administering Hong Kong” and a high degree of autonomy. We will remain vigilant against undercurrents to uphold the absolute principle of safeguarding our Country’s sovereignty, security and development interests, and will continue to strive to improve governance and maintain our city’s prosperity and stability.

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Steadfastly and Successfully Implement “One Country, Two Systems” and Strengthening Our Governance Systems

Safeguarding National Security

Enhancing implementation mechanism

- Relevant bureaux and departments to discharge their duties and continuously review the rules, regulations, guidelines and procedures, etc. to ensure compliance of the requirements for safeguarding national security. (SB and relevant bureaux)
- Issue a set of guidelines in the first half of 2025 to specify how public officers should fully abide by the Safeguarding National Security Ordinance (SNSO) requirements in discharging their duties. (SB)

Strengthening publicity and promotion

- Continue to promote the Law of the People’s Republic of China on Safeguarding National Security in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (HKNSL) and the SNSO through the National Security Exhibition Gallery and community courses on national security, as well as other measures including the online virtual exhibition and the mechanism of youth uniformed groups of the disciplined services. (Committee for Safeguarding National Security of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, SB)

- The National Security Exhibition Gallery will roll out thematic exhibitions in 2025 for the 10th National Security Education Day and the 5th anniversary of the promulgation of the HKNSL. (Committee for Safeguarding National Security of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, SB)
- Update the “Curriculum Framework of National Security Education in Hong Kong” and related subject frameworks on national security education for reference of schools in their overall planning. (EDB)
- Continue to provide quality learning and teaching resources for schools, including supplementary teaching materials suitable for different learning stages, with a view to helping schools to further promote national security education. (EDB)
- Bring the online national security-themed animation series offline through activities including showing the “Security Bear and Andy’s Family” drama in schools for interaction with students, and preparing printed picture books. (SB)
- Produce a new series of information programmes on national security laws jointly with the Department of Justice and the Radio Television Hong Kong (RTHK) focusing on the SNSO in order to deepen the public’s understanding of the ordinance. (SB)

- Expand the scale of the Territory-wide Inter-school National Security Knowledge Challenge by enabling the participation of non-Chinese speaking students, and incorporation contents of the SNSO in the Challenge to strengthen the understanding and awareness of national security of participating students. (DoJ, SB, EDB)

Strengthening counter-terrorism preparedness

- Introduce by end-2024 a three-tier prevention framework by setting up the Chief Executive Counter-terrorism Steering Group, the Secretary for Security Counter-terrorism Co-ordinating Group and inter-departmental working groups to follow up on specific studies and carry out counter-terrorism work. (SB)
- The Inter-departmental Counter Terrorism Unit will strengthen co-ordination of intelligence gathering by the disciplined services, increase inter-departmental drills, and step up publicity and public education on counter-terrorism, etc. in order to enhance prevention and response capabilities of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (HKSAR). (SB)

Implementation of the United Nations Firearms Protocol

- Introduce a bill into the Legislative Council (LegCo) to amend the Firearms and Ammunition Ordinance within 2025, with a view to strengthening control on the manufacture of firearms and ammunition and gun markings to prevent organised crimes and terrorist activities. (SB)

Promoting Patriotic Education

Working Group on Patriotic Education

- The Working Group on Patriotic Education under the Constitution and Basic Law Promotion Steering Committee will actively co-ordinate the overall strategy and specific measures on promoting patriotic education, with a view to making patriotism with affection to our Country and Hong Kong a mainstream core value of Hong Kong, enabling the spirit of patriotism to take root in society and people's heart. (CSO, CMAB and relevant bureaux)
- The Government will organise commemorative events for the 80th anniversary of the victory of the War of Resistance in 2025 to enhance the sense of patriotism. (CSO, CMAB and relevant bureaux)
- Continue to organise the Thematic Study Programme on Modern Chinese History to enhance civil servants' understanding of the history of our Country's endeavours over the past century, and the role and mission of Hong Kong along the journey of national rejuvenation, enabling them to consciously assume the responsibility of promoting the development of Hong Kong and the prosperity of our Country. (CSB)

Nurturing patriotism among students and the youth

- Incorporate more visiting spots with "red resources" and related learning elements into the routes of the Mainland exchange programmes and study tours for students, with the aim of deepening their understanding of the arduous struggles of our revolutionary predecessors and fostering their patriotic spirit. (EDB)

- Earmark a provision of \$57 million to provide a one-off grant to kindergartens participating in the Kindergarten Education Scheme to strengthen the support for kindergartens to promote national education through home-school co-operation, so as to deepen the parents' understanding of the Chinese culture and national development, and assist them to nurture their children with a sense of belonging, pride and affection for our Country. (EDB)
- Organise a series of joint school and cross-sector collaborative activities under the "Love Our Home, Treasure Our Country 3.0" in the 2024/25 school year to promote national education. (EDB)
- Collaborate with the Mainland and local tertiary institutions to provide professional training for junior secondary Chinese History teachers and develop learning communities for senior secondary school teachers in the 2024/25 school year, with a view to enhancing the professional capacity of teachers. (EDB)
- Launch a trial teaching scheme to demonstrate lesson practices for teaching National Geography and develop a resource portal to strengthen the learning and teaching of National Geography. (EDB)
- Continue to enhance the quality and effectiveness of national education through conducting different types of inspections, including focus inspections on national education, sharing inspection findings and promoting good practices. (EDB)
- Continue to support youth uniformed groups to promote youth development and national education. (HYAB)
- The disciplined services will continue to promote Chinese-style foot drill and flag-raising education, as well as arrange Mainland exchange activities for members of their youth uniformed groups, with a view to enhancing young people's sense of belonging to the Country and their national pride. (SB)

Strengthening Publicity and Education on the Constitution and the Basic Law

- Continue to strengthen publicity and education on the Constitution and the Basic Law through diverse channels and innovative approaches, which include displaying large-sized outdoor publicity messages, producing publicity video clippings, making extensive use of online platforms and social media for publicity, organising various kinds of physical activities to reach into the community, providing sponsorship to non-government organisations or community organisations for conducting different promotional activities and researches, and consolidating community efforts for enhanced publicity. (CMAB and relevant bureaux)
- Government departments and relevant organisations, Mainland Offices, overseas Economic and Trade Offices, the Invest Hong Kong, the Information Services Department, etc. will continue to utilise online and offline platforms as well as diversified activities in their further efforts to comprehensively promote Hong Kong and its unique status and advantages under "One Country, Two Systems". (Relevant bureaux)

Reinforcing the Rule of Law

- Continue with the work of the Steering Committee on Rule of Law Education, including the launch of the third phase of the Rule of Law Education Train-the-Leaders Programme within 2025, so as to further broaden trainees' understanding of the legal concepts in specific areas and enhance their capability to promote correct messages on the rule of law in the community. (DoJ)
- Continue to support the Judiciary in taking forward law courts building projects and proceeding with initiatives on legislation, technology or other aspects which are conducive to the effective administration of justice. (CSO)

Implementing the Improved Electoral System

- Adhere to the improved electoral system in the long run to ensure that elections are conducted in a fair, just, honest, safe and orderly manner; continue to enhance the electoral arrangements; and further the application of information technology and smart technologies in the election process to enhance efficiency and make the arrangements user-friendly. (CMAB)
- Launch a series of publicity activities to continuously promote the improved electoral system so as to raise the public's awareness of the electoral system. (CMAB)
- Work closely with the Electoral Affairs Commission to prepare for the 2025 LegCo General Election, and ensure that the election will be conducted in a fair, just, honest, safe and orderly manner. (CMAB)

Promoting Chinese Culture

- Designate the Northern Metropolis for developing a museum to showcase the development and achievements of our Country, commence preparatory work for its contents and curatorial direction, and set up an exhibition gallery in the Hong Kong Museum of History for displaying the relevant contents in phases before the completion of the new museum. (CSTB)
- Set up a Chinese Culture Experience Centre in the historic buildings of Kowloon Park to serve as an important base for promoting Chinese culture. (CSTB)
- Continue to organise the Chinese Culture Festival in 2025 and establish it into an annual signature event in order to enhance national identity and cultural confidence of the public. (CSTB)

- Continue to present exhibitions of the General History of China Series to showcase significant periods of Chinese history in chronological order. (CSTB)
- Develop a mechanism and criteria in 2025 for recognising the bearers of the items on the Representative List of the Intangible Cultural Heritage of Hong Kong, and launch the Hong Kong Intangible Cultural Heritage Month to promote the safeguarding and passing on of intangible cultural heritage and deepen the public's understanding of such. (CSTB)
- RTHK will continue to co-operate with Mainland broadcasters on co-production and relaying of Mainland programmes, promote and broadcast in full steam the 15th National Games, and continue to produce more thematic programmes to promote Chinese culture and the spirit of patriotism, thereby enhancing the public awareness of patriotism and engendering their sense of national identity. (CEDB)
- Provide financial support to the film industry under the Film Development Fund to produce films that promote Chinese culture, for showcasing the fine traditional Chinese culture to the audience. (CSTB)

Strengthening Our Governance Systems

Interaction and exchange between the executive and the legislature

- Continue to strengthen exchange and collaboration in policy formulation through the Chief Executive's Interactive Exchange Question and Answer Sessions, Ante Chamber Exchange Sessions, direct meetings, etc.. (CSO)

Liaison mechanism with NPC deputies and CPPCC members

- Continue to facilitate regular exchanges with the HKSAR deputies to the National People's Congress (NPC) and the HKSAR members of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (CPPCC) to enhance communication and collaboration, so as to rally patriots with affection for the Country and Hong Kong, and to achieve the full impact of "patriots administering Hong Kong" for ensuring the steadfast and successful implementation of "One Country, Two Systems". (CMAB)

Continued strengthening of governance at district level

- Continue to lead the 18 district councils (DCs) to ensure effective two-way communication between the Government and the public, step up the training for DC members, and enhance the public's understanding of the work of DCs. (HYAB)
- The Steering Committee on District Governance and the Task Force on District Governance will continue to lead bureaux/departments to formulate measures to address issues of concern to the districts, duly responding to the needs of the community. (HYAB)
- The Steering Committee on District Governance will improve the 1823 complaints handling mechanism by November 2024 to facilitate speedy handling of complaints on district affairs, in respect of which the Deputy Chief Secretary for Administration will make the final decision on the lead department for complaints involving multiple departments. (DCSO, ITIB and relevant bureaux)

The Civil Service Team

Strengthening governance capabilities of the civil service

- Institutionalise the learning activities of civil servants on the Country's governance philosophy and strategies, and incorporate such activities into the training programmes for civil servants at all ranks. (CSB)
- Continue to arrange for middle, senior and directorate-level officers to participate in programmes at Mainland institutions to learn our Country's policies of governance and macro strategies for development. (CSB)
- Continue to arrange for middle and senior-level civil servants with potential to attend courses and/or executive development programmes at overseas institutions, and to participate in training programmes or attachment schemes in different places of the world, so as to develop their global perspectives. (CSB)
- With the support of the Central People's Government, continue to promote participation in the United Nations (UN) Junior Professional Officer Programme and send civil servants to work in the UN offices worldwide, thereby enriching their experience in taking part in the affairs of international organisations. (CSB)
- Continue to organise the Civil Service Staff Exchange and Collaboration Programme jointly with Mainland cities in the Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao Greater Bay Area (GBA), and sign agreements with other Mainland cities beyond the GBA within 2024 for taking forward exchange activities in an orderly manner. (CSB)
- Launch the Governance Talents Development Programme to continuously nurture governance talents with a macro perspective and professional leadership ability to enhance governance capabilities of the civil service. (CSB)

- Encourage and assist civil service unions to organise local national studies activities and visits to further deepen civil servants' understanding of the Country and cultivate their patriotic sentiment. (CSB)

Strengthening the management of the civil service

- Drive the adoption of management measures and digitalisation in departments to reprioritise and re-organise their work, capitalise on technology solutions, and streamline work processes, with a view to optimising the use of the civil service manpower resources. (CSB)
- Consult the Public Service Commission within 2025 on the preliminary enhancement proposals of the Public Service (Administration) Order and the Public Service (Disciplinary) Regulation, with a view to further enhancing the civil service disciplinary mechanism. (CSB)
- Continue to implement measures to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the disciplinary mechanism, and at the same time enhance the capability and efficiency of departments in handling disciplinary cases so that punishments meted out are commensurate with the gravity of the misconduct concerned; and deepen civil servants' understanding of the disciplinary mechanism and enhance their sense of compliance with civil service rules and discipline requirements. (CSB)
- Roll out a pilot scheme in the first quarter of 2025 to arrange for about 2 000 civil service eligible persons (CSEPs) queuing for the Department of Health's dental services to receive designated dental services at a medical institution in Shenzhen. (CSB)

- Launch the Civil Service Eligible Persons Seasonal Influenza Vaccination Pilot Scheme at families clinics in the fourth quarter of 2024 to provide free influenza vaccination services for about 30 000 CSEPs, with a view to reducing the risk of community transmission of influenza and impact on public service delivery due to illness in the civil service during the influenza peak season, as well as alleviating the burden on the public healthcare system. (CSB)
- Complete the review on the Pilot Scheme on Dental Services (Dental Scaling) for CSEPs by end-2024 with a view to determining its way forward. (CSB)
- Increase the service quota of Civil Service Chinese Medicine Clinics by 2 000 and 3 000 in 2024-25 and 2025-26 respectively. (CSB)
- Lift the minimum service length requirement for the granting of travel awards under the Secretary for the Civil Service's Commendation Award Scheme to motivate civil servants (including civil servants of shorter service) to strive for excellence. (CSB)

Digital Provision of Public Service

- Provide steer for bureaux/departments through the Digital Policy Office, enabling them to enhance project governance and cybersecurity of their information systems as well as those of the related public bodies under their purview. (ITIB)
- Strengthen the training on core digital skills for senior government personnel to enhance their awareness and capability in managing information systems and data security. (ITIB)
- Pilot the use of a generative artificial intelligence (AI) document processing copilot application developed by a Hong Kong-based large language model within the Government, and explore the formulation of relevant codes of practice and guidelines on the use of relevant technologies through implementation. (ITIB)

- Compile departmental data catalogues within 2025 to promote the opening-up and sharing of data among bureaux/departments. (ITIB)
- Organise annual cybersecurity attack and defence drills from 2024 onwards and invite various government departments and public bodies to participate. (ITIB)
- Identify on a risk-based principle eight government electronic systems for in-depth compliance audit each year from 2025 onwards. (ITIB)
- Continue to facilitate the full adoption of “iAM Smart” by all departments to provide citizens with the option of one-stop electronic services by end-2025. (ITIB)
- Continue to press ahead over a hundred of digital government and smart city initiatives, including the roll-out of around 20 initiatives by end-2024. (ITIB)
- Launch a digitalised Basic Law and National Security Law Test within 2025 to enable candidates for civil service posts of degree or professional grades to take the test at their own selected timeslots throughout the year. (CSB)
- Introduce electronic vehicle licences by end-2024 so that vehicle owners will not need to replace their paper-form vehicle licences with a new one upon each renewal, and streamline the application procedures to pave the way for full automation of processing. (TLB)
- Introduce electronic driving licences within 2025 to provide driving licence holders with the option of displaying their electronic driving licences on their smartphones. (TLB)
- Make payment to suppliers by electronic means (such as virtual banking and the Faster Payment System proxy identifiers) instead of paper cheques in government procurement. (FSTB)
- Continue to implement the Smart Customs Blueprint to speed up customs clearance through the application of technologies and to combat customs-related offences in a targeted approach through the application of AI. (SB)
- Implement fully the Electronic Recordkeeping System for all government bureaux/departments within 2025 to enhance efficiency in preserving and managing government records. (CSO, ITIB)

Protection of Privacy

- The Office of the Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data will step up promotional efforts to enhance public awareness of personal data protection, and actively assist the industry to comply with the relevant requirements under the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance, and to study further enhancements of personal data protection and address the challenges posed by cyber technologies through legislative amendments. (CMAB)

Bolstering Security of Computer Systems of Critical Infrastructure

- Introduce a bill into the LegCo by end-2024 to provide for the legal obligations of critical infrastructure operators to protect their computer systems in order to reinforce the resilience against cybersecurity challenges. (SB)

Emergency Management

Scaling up capability in coping with extreme weather

- Continuously strengthen the overall capability of the Government and the community in coping with extreme weather, and adopt a pre-emptive approach in preventive and strategic planning. (CSO and relevant bureaux)

- Provide information on flood risk for relevant departments through the flood risk assessment system, and enhance the system continuously to strengthen the overall capability of Hong Kong in coping with extreme weather. (EEB)
- Explore application of machine learning technology and big data analysis for more accurate identification of causal factors of landslides so as to scale up capability in predicting landslide risks. (DEVB)
- Revise the annual output target of the Landslip Prevention and Mitigation Programme to devise landslide mitigation measures for more natural slopes. (DEVB)
- Strengthen co-operation with building owners and relevant stakeholders to assist them in effectively preventing corruption when implementing building maintenance projects through systemic prevention, publicity and education. (ICAC)
- Provide anti-corruption education for imported workers and incoming talents under various importation and admission schemes, and continue to promote integrity messages among them. (ICAC)
- Assist stakeholders in implementing the integrity management framework for public works projects to effectively manage corruption risks and other integrity risks during project implementation. (ICAC)

Improving the co-ordinated emergency management across the GBA

- Set up a task force on Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macao emergency management co-operation (including a working group on the cross-boundary “green” channel for emergency resources) to consolidate the emergency management co-operation experience and chart the development strategy of emergency management co-operation among the three places. (SB)
- The Fire Services Department will conduct an annual cross-boundary joint exercise with GBA cities and implement the GBA Emergency Response and Rescue Operational Plan, so as to improve efficiency of rescue efforts in cross-boundary emergencies, and to enhance capabilities of the cities in the region for collaborative disaster prevention, mitigation and relief, and for responding to major public emergencies. (SB)

Safeguarding Integrity

Corruption prevention

- Enhance the existing Digital Corruption Prevention Framework to assist government departments in strengthening their capabilities of preventing corruption by making use of digital technology. (ICAC)

- Continue to work with the Buildings Department in enhancing corruption prevention control over private new building works and strengthening integrity management of registered building professionals, registered contractors and technically competent persons. (ICAC)
- Continue to assist listed companies in enhancing their integrity management and corruption prevention capabilities through production and promotion of a corruption prevention guide and related capacity-building activities, etc.. (ICAC)

Advancing international anti-corruption collaboration

- Promote co-operation with anti-corruption agencies around the world (especially Belt and Road countries) through the Hong Kong International Academy Against Corruption established in 2024 via means such as signing memoranda of understanding (MoUs), organising training and exchange programmes as well as conducting researches on anti-corruption, with a view to contributing to the global anti-corruption development. (ICAC)

- The Commissioner of the Independent Commission Against Corruption will continue to hold the presidency of the International Association of Anti-Corruption Authorities. He will lead the association in promoting and facilitating effective implementation of the United Nations Convention against Corruption, and advance international anti-corruption collaboration and exchanges. (ICAC)
- Strengthen the strategic partnership with the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime, and, on the foundation of the MoU signed in May 2024, support international anti-corruption capacity building by, inter alia, co-organising professional anti-corruption training and co-developing corruption prevention guides. (ICAC)
- The Correctional Services Department (CSD) will host the 42nd Asian and Pacific Conference of Correctional Administrators in November 2024. Heads of correctional services and their delegations from over 30 countries or places in the Asia-Pacific region will be invited to visit Hong Kong for professional exchanges on correctional work and its future development, with a view to strengthening regional co-operation. (SB)
- The CSD will organise the first Greater Bay Area Correctional Tactical Skills Competition in 2025 to foster exchange of experience in crisis management with GBA correctional authorities, with a view to enhancing tactical skills of the response teams and their capabilities in handling emergencies. (SB)

Integrity building in the GBA

- Deepen co-operation with anti-corruption authorities in the Mainland and Macao, jointly providing corruption prevention training to enterprises in the region to promote business integrity by making use of the guide for doing business with integrity in the GBA co-developed by Guangdong, Hong Kong and Macao. (ICAC)

Disciplined Services Regional and International Exchanges

- The Hong Kong Police Force will actively assist our Country in bidding for the hosting of the 94th INTERPOL General Assembly in Hong Kong in 2026. (SB)
- The Hong Kong Customs and Excise Department will serve as the Vice-chairperson for the Asia/Pacific region of the World Customs Organization between 2024 and 2026. During the period, the department will organise about 20 international conferences and workshops for overseas participants to witness the success of “One Country, Two Systems”. (SB)

Protecting Public Safety

Installation of CCTV at Crime Black Spots

- Aim to install 2 000 closed-circuit televisions (CCTVs) in phase 1 within 2025; and, subject to review results thereafter, target to install 2 000 to 2 500 CCTVs each year, so as to strengthen protection of public order and public safety. (SB)

Using technology in anti-deception efforts

- Enhance the use of information technology and AI to help prevent deception, including further extending the coverage of the Suspicious Account Alert to automatic teller machine transactions; and strengthen inter-departmental and inter-disciplinary collaboration to promote joint participation of various stakeholders in anti-deception efforts. (SB)

Expanding the Sexual Conviction Record Check Scheme

- Expand the scope of the Sexual Conviction Record Check Scheme to self-employed persons, volunteers and all existing employees in phases starting from the fourth quarter of 2024 to enhance protection of children and mentally incapacitated persons. (SB)

Promoting anti-drug efforts

- Take the opportunity of the 60th anniversary of the Action Committee Against Narcotics to organise a series of activities with a view to consolidating anti-drug awareness in the community; such activities include television programmes, interactive roving exhibitions in education institutions and the community, as well as public engagement activities, etc.. (SB)
- Organise the GBA Anti-drug Summit to exchange views with various parties on issues such as changes in drug trends and future challenges in anti-drug efforts, with a view to promoting mutual co-operation. (SB)
- Step up publicity and education to heighten public awareness of the risk of being recruited into drug trafficking activities on websites and social media platforms that are favoured by drug traffickers. (SB)
- Step up the control of etomidate, a type of anaesthetic, in view of its abuses. (SB)

Handling Non-refoulement Claims

- Step up tripartite intelligence exchanges with the Mainland and Macao to further combat illegal immigration precisely. (SB)
- The Immigration Department will, through the Advance Passenger Information System implemented in phases starting from September 2024, enhance prevention of potential abusers of the non-refoulement claim mechanism boarding flights heading to Hong Kong. (SB)

- Further strengthen enforcement actions against illegal employment to reduce the incentive for “bogus refugees” to remain in Hong Kong, and step up the efforts of removing unsubstantiated claimants. (SB)

Joining Hands with Persons in Custody on the Road to Rehabilitation

- The CSD will expand the curriculum of the Ethics College by end-2024 to include a two-year full-time associate degree programme to help eligible persons in custody obtain recognised qualifications of a higher level and facilitate their re-integration into society. (SB)
- The CSD will also expand the Ethics College to Pik Uk Prison to help persons in custody equip themselves in preparation for their future release. (SB)
- The CSD will roll out the Approved Hand-in Articles e-Ordering Service by end-2024 to enable relatives and friends of persons in custody to purchase approved hand-in articles for them via online platforms. The articles will be directly delivered to the correctional institutions concerned by the suppliers. This will enhance operational efficiency and provide convenience to relatives and friends of persons in custody. (SB)